Natura Energy

ENERGY BOOSTER



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

1.2

4.5

S.W.

pH:



Regulator and balancer of plant growth (roots, shoots, fruit)



Laevorotatory plant amino acids and readily available energy for the plant



Increased photosynthetic activity and cellular respiration: **BIOSTIMULATING ACTION**



Reduced sensitivity to environmental stress: temperature, water, and salt



Macronutrients of vegetable origin that are highly available to plants

NUTRITIONAL COMPOSITION	%
Total organic nitrogen (N)	3.5
Phosphorous pentoxide (P ₂ O ₅)	3
Potassium oxide (K ₂ O)	2.5
Organic carbon (C) of biological origin	15
Plant-based organic matter	30
Organic acids	9
Phytic acid	7.5
L-Glutamic acid	1.5
Glycine betaine	> 10
Laevorotatory plant amino acids	> 13

DOSAGE AND METHOD OF	USE	Foliar application	
CROPS	PHENOLOGICAL STAGE	DOSE g/hl	NOTES
Stone and pome fruits	From flowering to fruit growth	300-600	applications every 7-15 days
Citrus trees	Flowering and fruit set	400-600	applications every 7-15 days
Actinidia	From flowering to fruit growth	400-600	applications every 7-15 days
Vine and table grapevines	Bunch closure and grape berry growth	300-600	applications every 7-15 days
Dlive and hazel trees	Post-fruit set and fruit growth	400-600	applications every 7-15 days
Fruiting vegetables	Post-fruit set and fruit growth	300-600	applications every 7-15 days
eafy vegetables	During the entire growing cycle	300-600	applications every 7-15 days
Root, bulb, or tuber vegetables	Starting from root, bulb, or tuber enlargement	300-600	applications every 7-15 days
Strawberries and small fruits	Post-fruit set and fruit growth	300-600	applications every 7-15 days
ndustrial crops and legumes	Post-fruit set and fruit growth	300-600	applications every 7-15 days
ALL CROPS	As a carrier of nutrients and microelements during the growing cycle	200-300	

NOTES: • The dose is calculated based on a volume of spraying water of 8-10 hl/ha

 Application is recommended in combination with CaMa 104 to increase calcium absorption and photosynthetic activity

• Possible mixture with copper and sulphur on grapevines, tomatoes, olive trees, and artichokes

